Relationships Education,
Relationships & Sex
Education, and Physical
Health & Mental
Wellbeing Policy





Review Date

March 2023

Ratified

29 March 2022

Next Review

March 2024

Responsible Directorate

Education

Our Vision



Transforming Lives of our learners

We seek to ensure that all our learners receive a high-quality education from expert staff and aspire to achieve the best they possibly can, no matter their background or ability. Our learners have safe, supportive learning environments in which they develop, grow, and challenge themselves. We are determined that our learners will receive the very best enrichment and opportunities to help them reach their full potential and ensure they are prepared for the future, wherever it might take them.



Transforming Lives of our colleagues

Our colleagues are supported with the very best professional development through our innovative ATT institute, allowing them to stay focused on learning and developing as practitioners whilst they progress in their careers. We share the very best practice across our community of academies to help build systems and processes that really work.



Transforming Lives in the communities we serve

We are committed to actively engaging with and addressing inequality in our local areas. We understand that every one of our academies and their diverse communities are different, so we aim to build a supportive, collaborative, and nurturing relationship with each whilst sharing our key values across our Trust.



Our Values

Commitment to Education

Our core purpose is to positively impact the lives of all our learners. Education will always be at the heart of everything we do.

Transparency and Integrity

We are proud of our success whilst being open and honest about our areas for improvement. Our actions are always ethical and in the best interests of all our stakeholders.

Innovation and Improvement

We are committed to innovative education- always moving forward and never standing still. Our learners are ambitious and prepared for a future that is constantly changing and developing.

Dedication to Inclusivity

Our learners are all different and all important to us. We aspire to support, challenge, and help each one of them reach their full potential, regardless of their background or level of ability.

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1 | Introduction

- Our Trust believes that in order to create a happy and successful adult life, children and young people need to have the self-confidence to make informed decisions about their wellbeing, health and relationships. Relationships Education and Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) is about giving children and young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds, not just intimate relationships. Health Education is giving pupils information to make well-informed, positive choices about their own health and wellbeing. Our Trust recognises that physical health and mental wellbeing are interlinked, so it is important that pupils understand that good physical health contributes to good mental wellbeing and vice versa.
- Our Trust has a responsibility under the Equality Act (2010) to ensure the best for all pupils at our academies, irrespective of disability, educational needs, race, nationality, ethnic or national origin, sex, gender identity, pregnancy, maternity, religion or sexual orientation. As a result, Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education will be sensitive to the different needs of individual pupils and may need to adapt and change over time to reflect the needs of the particular cohort. The Trust may also take positive action, where it can be shown that it is proportionate, to deal with particular disadvantages affecting one group because of a protected characteristic.
- 1.3 Our Trust is aware of the need to be mindful of and respectful to a wide variety of faith and cultural beliefs across its academies, and will make every attempt to be appropriately sensitive. Equally, it is essential that children and young people have access to the learning they need to stay safe, healthy and understand their rights as individuals. Our Trust believes that our pupils deserve the right to honest, clear, impartial scientific and factual information to help better form their own beliefs and values, free from bias, judgement or subjective personal beliefs of those who teach them.
- 1.4 All teaching will be sensitive and age appropriate in approach and content. At the point at which the Trust considers it appropriate to teach pupils about lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender (LGBT) issues, the Trust will ensure that this content is fully integrated into programmes of study for this area of the curriculum rather than delivered as a stand-alone unit or lesson. The Trust will encourage wider pupil awareness of LGBT.
- 1.5 This policy has been developed in consultation with parents, pupils, and staff from all academies within the Trust to ensure that it meets the needs of the whole Trust community. The review of the policy will include:
 - Annual parent consultation to inform them of any changes. Parents are asked for their feedback
 - Staff, pupil, and Local Governing Boards will be asked to provide feedback through stakeholder voice opportunities such as staff professional development meetings,

Pupil Voice conversations with children and LGB meetings where policy reviews are regular.

- Ratification- once any required amendments are made the policy is shared with the Trust Board to be ratified.
- 1.6 The policy will be reviewed annually and parents will be consulted in advance about significant changes.

2 | Aims and Objectives

- 2.1 Through the delivery of high-quality, evidence-based, and age-appropriate Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education, the Trust aims to help prepare pupils for the onset of puberty, give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene, create a positive culture in relation to sexuality and relationships, and to ensure pupils know how and when to ask for help and where to access support. By the end of their education, the Trust hopes pupils will have developed resilience and feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy in preparation for the responsibilities and experiences of adult life.
- 2.2 Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education are intended to help pupils to:
 - Build healthy, respectful relationships focusing on family and friends
 - Understand how to be healthy and be aware of potential risk areas (such as drugs and alcohol)
 - Learn about intimate relationships and sex
 - · Learn about mental wellbeing
 - Develop key personal attributes, such as kindness, integrity, generosity, and honesty.

3 | Definitions

3.1 Relationships Education at the primary phase is about teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, relationships with other children and with adults, and who can support them. It includes how to take turns, how to treat each other with kindness, consideration and respect, the

importance of honesty and truthfulness, permission seeking and giving, and the concept of personal privacy, establishing personal space and boundaries.

- 3.2 RSE is lifelong learning about physical, sexual, moral, and emotional development. It is about teaching sex, sexuality and sexual health in a way that gives pupils the confidence to make sound decisions when facing risks and other challenges. It includes teaching about friendship, the importance of caring, stable and mutually supportive relationships with other pepole, and how to control and understand feelings that come with being in a relationship.
- 3.3 RSE does not encourage early sexual experimentation. It teaches children and young people to understand human sexuality and to respect themselves and others, to build self-esteem and understand the reasons for delaying sexual activity so that they can develop safe, fulfilling, and healthy sexual relationships, at the appropriate time.
- 3.4 RSE will outline that there are different types of committed, stable relationships, the characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships, the importance of marriage as a relationship choice and why it must be freely entered into, how relationships might contribute to human happiness and the their importance for raising children, as well as highlighting the roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising children, characteristics of successful parenting and how to judge when relationships have become unsafe as well as how to seek help or advice and report concerns about others.

4 | Roles and Responsibilities

- 4.1 All members of the Trust community are expected to follow this policy. Roles, responsibilities, and expectations of each section of the Trust and academy community are set out in detail below.
- 4.2 Board of Trustees: Trustees will monitor and evaluate the impact of the policy by reviewing pupils' progress in achieving the expected educational outcomes. They will hold the Chief Executive Officer and Principals to account for the implementation of the policy.
- 4.3 **The Chief Executive Officer (CEO):** The CEO will ensure that Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education is taught consistently across the academies within the Trust and will report back to the Board of Trustees on educational outcomes. They will ensure that senior staff receive regular professional development training in how to deliver Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education.
- 4.4 **Local Governing Boards:** Local governors in each academy will review and monitor the application and implementation of this policy by receiving regular feedback from the academy Principal on educational outcomes. Local governors will scrutinise relevant data, review any issues that might

arise, and act as a point of challenge for decisions taken by the Principal. The Local Governing Board will annually feedback its findings to the Board of Trustees.

- 4.5 **Principals:** Each academy Principal, with support from their respective Senior Leadership Team, will ensure that staff are supported and up to date with policy changes. They will ensure that Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education is well led, effectively managed, and well planned across various subjects (to avoid unnecessary duplication of topics) and that the quality of provision is subject to regular and effective self-evaluation. The Principal will ensure that teaching is age-appropriate, delivered in ways that are accessible to all pupils with SEND and that the subjects are resourced, staffed and timetabled appropriately. They will ensure that teaching delivered by any external organisation is age-appropriate and accessible for pupils and will liaise with parents regarding any concerns or opinions regarding Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education provision and will manage parental requests for withdrawal of pupils from non-statutory, non-science components of Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education.
- 4.6 Staff: Teachers of Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education will ensure that they are up to date with school policy and curriculum requirements regarding sex education and will attend and engage in professional development training. Teachers will encourage pupils to communicate concerns regarding their social, personal and emotional development in confidence, listen to their needs and support them seriously. If a pupil comes to a member of staff with an issue that that member of staff feels they are not able to deal with alone, they will take this concern to their linemanager.
- 4.7 Parents: The Trust hopes to build a positive and supporting relationship with parents through mutual understanding, cooperation and trust. Parents are expected to share the responsibility of sex education and support their children's personal, social and emotional development. The Trust hopes parents will create an open home environment where pupils can engage, discuss and continue to learn about matters that have been raised through school. Parents are also encouraged to seek additional support in this from the academy their child attends where they feel it is needed.
- 4.8 **Pupils:** Pupils are expected to take Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education seriously. Pupils are expected to listen, be considerate of other pupils' feelings and beliefs, comply with class-set confidentiality rules and support one another with issues that arise during class. Pupils who fail to follow these standards of behaviour will be dealt with under the Trust's Behaviour Policy.

5 | Delivery

5.1 Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education will be delivered in a non-judgmental, factual way allowing scope for children and young people to ask questions in a safe environment. Teachers will tailor the delivery of Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education to meet the specific needs of the pupils in that class, and to be responsive to their behaviour and development. Classes

will explore different attitudes, values and social labels, and develop skills that will enable our pupils to make informed decisions regarding sex and relationships as well as being able to differentiate between fact, opinion and belief and an understanding of the law on various topics. Pupils will be taught the anatomically correct names for body parts, but slang or everyday terms used in certain social circles will be discussed; this will surround discussion about what is and isn't acceptable language to use.

- 5.2 Staff will ensure that all resources used in the delivery of Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education are appropriate for the age and needs of their pupils. Examples of these resources are included in the Annexes of this policy.
- 5.3 Primary Academies: In our primary academies Relationships Education will be delivered in science, computing and Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHEE). Children of the same age may be developmentally at different stages, leading to differing types of questions or behaviours. Staff will use teaching methods that take account of these differences and the potential for discussion on a one-to-one basis or in small groups.
- 5.4 **Secondary Academies:** In our secondary academies RSE will be delivered in science, religious education, computing and Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHEE) and will build on the foundation of Relationships Education delivered in primary school.

6 | Relationships Education and RSE: Curriculum and Outcomes

- Appendix 1. The Trust recognises that primary-age pupils may ask their teachers or other adults questions pertaining to sex or sexuality which go beyond the designed curriculum for Relationships Education. Teaching methods will take account of the potential different types of questions and behaviours likely to arise and staff will assess which types of teaching methods would be most appropriate (for example, a full class setting, one-to-one discussions or in small groups).
- By the end of their secondary education, the Trust expects pupils to know the information set out at Appendix 2.

7 | Health Education: Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing

- 7.1 The Trust wishes to promote pupils' health and well-being by encouraging self-control, their ability to self-regulate and strategies for doing so. This will enable pupils to become confident in their ability to achieve well and persevere even when they encounter setbacks or when their goals are distant, and to respond calmly and rationally to setbacks and challenges. The Trust believes that an integrated, whole-school approach to the teaching and promotion of health and wellbeing will have a positive impact on behaviour and attainment. Health Education will be delivered in science, computing, Physical Education (PE) and Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHEE).
- 7.2 By the end of their primary education, the Trust expects pupils to know the information set out at Appendix 3.
- 7.3 By the end of their secondary education, the Trust expects pupils to know the information set out at Appendix 4.

8 | Pupils with Special Educational Needs and/or Disabilities

- 8.1 The Trust will endeavour to ensure that Relationships Education, RSE, and Health Education is accessible for all pupils. We are aware that some pupils are more vulnerable to exploitation, bullying and other issues due to the nature of their SEND. Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education may be particularly important for such pupils, for example those with Social, Emotional and Mental Health needs or learning disabilities. Teaching will be sensitive, age-appropriate, developmentally appropriate, differentiated and personalised to meet the specific needs of pupils at different developmental stages.
- 8.2 Staff will make reasonable adjustments to alleviate disadvantage faced by pupils with disabilities and will be mindful of the SEND Code of Practice and the Trust's SEND Policy when planning for these subjects. Staff will use a variety of different strategies to ensure that all pupils have access to the same information, which include:
 - Adapted Learning Objectives
 - Discussion with parents and sharing of strategies pertaining to such aspects of RSHE as puberty, sex education, consent and asking for help
 - Pre-learning

• Returning to the pupil a week later to establish understanding of key concepts

9 | Right to Request Withdrawal from Sex Education

- 9.1 The Trust hopes that parents will feel comfortable with, and understand the importance of, the education provided to their children as described in this policy.
- 9.2 Parents of children in primary academies have the right to withdraw their child from sex education and should state this in writing and send it to The Principal Mrs Emma Owner. Parents of children in secondary academies have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of the sex education aspects of RSE.
- 9.3 Before withdrawing or making a request, the Trust strongly urges parents to carefully consider their decision as sex education is a vital part of the school curriculum and supports child development. Parents cannot withdraw their child from Relationships Education or Health Education or the elements on human growth and reproduction which fall under the National Curriculum science curriculum.
- 9.4 Any parent wishing to withdraw their child from sex education in a secondary academy should put their request in writing and send it to The Principal who will arrange a meeting to discuss their concerns. Once those discussions have taken place, except in exceptional circumstances, the school will respect the parents' request to withdraw the child, up to and until three terms before the child turns 16. After that point, if the child wishes to receive sex education rather than be withdrawn, the school will make arrangements to provide the child with sex education during one of those terms.
- 9.5 If a pupil is excused from sex education the respective academy will ensure that the pupil receives appropriate, purposeful education during the period of withdrawal.

10 | Confidentiality and Child Protection

10.1 The Trust hopes to provide a safe and supportive school community where pupils feel comfortable seeking help and guidance on anything that may be concerning them about life either at school or at home. All teachers will receive training around confidentiality and should ensure that pupils understand that they cannot offer unconditional confidentiality. If a child protection issue is disclosed to a member of staff, that member of staff should follow the Trust's Child Protection and Safeguarding procedures.

- 10.2 If a staff member is approached by a pupil under 16 who is having, or is contemplating having sexual intercourse, the teacher should:
 - Ensure that the pupil is accessing all the contraceptive and sexual health advice available and understands the risks of being sexually active
 - Encourage the pupil to talk to their parent or carer. Pupils may feel that they are more
 comfortable bringing these issues to a teacher they trust, but it is important that children and
 their parents have open and trusting relationships when it comes to sexual health and the
 academy will encourage this as much as possible
 - Decide whether there is a child protection issue. This may be the case if the teacher is concerned that there is coercion or abuse involved. If a member of staff is informed that a pupil is having, or is contemplating having sexual intercourse, this will be dealt with under child protection procedures.
- Pupils with special educational needs may be more vulnerable to exploitation and less able to protect themselves from harmful influences. If staff are concerned that this is the case, they should seek support from the Designated Safeguarding Lead to decide what is in the best interest of the child.

11 | Equal Opportunities

- 11.1 Relationships Education, RSE, and Health Education will be delivered equally to both genders, normally in mixed classes. There are, however, certain topics that may be delivered in single sex groupings e.g. menstruation and personal hygiene.
- The Trust has a commitment to ensure that Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education is relevant to all pupils and is taught in a way that is age and stage appropriate. Pupils are encouraged to openly and freely discuss diversity of personal, social and sexual preferences. Prejudiced views will be challenged, and equality promoted. Any bullying that relates to sexual behaviour or perceived sexual orientation will be dealt with swiftly and seriously in accordance with the Trust's behaviour policy.

12 | Complaints

12.1	If parents have any concerns or complaints over the application or implementation of this policy
	they should raise their concerns with a staff member or the Principal in accordance with the Trust's Complaints Policy.

Appendix 1- Relationships Education Primary Stage Curriculum and Outcomes

Please see our full RSHE Long Term Plan for EYFS to Year 6; the one-page document details all topic areas and which half term they are delivered. In addition, the colour coding signposts to the resources we use as follows:

- Red = RSE scheme for EYFS to Year 6 from Educator Solutions
- Purple = PSHE Association schemes for EYFS to Year 6
- Orange = Oak Academy assembly and resources
- Grey = Food a Fact of Life scheme for EYFS to Year 6
- Pink = Up, Out& Active to be delivered by PE specialist from Aspire PE
- Teal = Mental Health scheme from Kapow
- Black =
 - 1. First Aid Training delivered by East Anglian Air Ambulance
 - 2. Careers Week Steps to Success scheme including outside visitors
 - 3. Crucial Crew for Year 6
 - 4. Road Safety

	EXCES	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	My Feelings	My Feelings	My Feelings	My Feelings Y3	My Feelings Y4	My Body - Puberty	My Body - Puberty
A1	My Body	My Body	My Body	Asking for help Y3	Asking for help Y4	My Feelings YS	My Feelings Y5
Sept			Enterprise W	Enterprise Week in the run up to our annual fete	r annual fete		
ö		Mental Hea	Mental Health Awareness Week (10 $^\circ$ to 14 $^\circ$ October 2022) 'Looking after our mental health') th to 14 th October 2022	!) 'Looking after our m	ental health'	
Nov	R	Remembrance Day as	Day assembly and related activities/Anti-bullying week for all (14th to 18th Nov 2022) 'Reach Out'	ivities/Anti-bullying we	ek for all (14º to 18º N	lov 2022) 'Reach Out'	
	Fireman Sam Fireworks	Fireman Sam	Fireman Sam	oak Academy:	Oak Academy:	Oak Academy:	Oak Academy:
	My relationships	Fireworks	Fireworks	Fireworks	Fireworks	Fireworks	Fireworks
A2	Keeping myself safe –	My relationships	My relationships	My relationships Y3	My relationships	Asking for Help Y5/6	Asking for Help Y5/6
	car, classroom, home, crossing roads - Twipki			Mental Health	Y3 + 4 (additional) Mental Health	My relationships YS	My relationships Y6
	Asking for help	Asking for help	Asking for help	Oak Academy:	Oak Academy:	Oak Academy: King	Oak Academy: King
		Up, Out and		Hazards in the	Hazards in the	of the Road	of the Road
Sp1	Up, Out and Active	Active	Up, Out and Active	home	home	My Rights and	My Rights and
		Growing and		'Food a fact of life'	'Food a fact of life'	Responsibilities YS	Responsibilities y5
	Dental Health - Colgate	Changing		7-11 years	7-11 years	My Feelings Y6	My Feelings Y6
			Safer Internet Day (To	Safer Internet Day (Tuesday 7" February) Want to talk about it?	Vant to talk about it?"		
Feb	LGBTQ+ Week This session is introduced by EQW/AR in assembly and children decide how to celebrate it - colour run, writing a song, coloured cake sale etc.	sion is introduced by	EQW/ARi in assembly a	nd children decide how	r to celebrate it - colour	rrun, writing a song, co	loured cake sale etc.
			(20" to 24"	'20" to 24" February 2023 = Behind the Lens)	d the Lens)		
	Drugs and Alcohol:	pungs and	Drugs and Alcohol:	Drugs and Alcohol:	Drugs and Alcohol:	Drugs and Alcohol:	Drugs and Alcohol:
	PSHE Association	Alcohol: PSHE	PSHE Association	PSHE Association	PSHE Association	PSHE Association	PSHE Association
Spr2	lessons	Association	lessons	lessons	lessons	lessons	lessons
	Mental Health	lessons	Mental Health	Signs, Laws and	Signs. Laws and	Fireproof at home	Fireproof at home
		Mental Health		police	police	Mental Health	Mental Health
	Growing and Changing	'Food a fact of	'Food a fact of life'	My Beliefs Y3	My Beliefs Y4	My Beliefs Y5/6	My Beliefs Y5/6
	PSHE Association: Sun	life' 5-7 years—	5-7 years: where	My Rights and	My Rights and	PSHE Association:	Crucial Crew Y6
	Safety assembly	healthy eating	does food come	Responsibilities 3/4	Responsibilities 3/4	Sun Safety assembly	PSHE Association:
3	'Food a fact of life' 3-5	PSHE	from?	PSHE Association:	First Aid training	First Aid training	Sun Safety assembly
	year	Association: Sun	PSHE Association:	Sun Safety assembly	PSHE Association:		First Aid training
		Safety assembly	Sun Safety assembly		Sun Safety assembly	Up, Out and Active	Up, Out and Active
	My Beliefs	My Beliefs	My Beliefs	My Body Y3	My Body Y4	My Body – Sex Ed	My Body – Sex Ed
	My Rights and	My Rights and	My Rights and	Up, Out and Active	including Puberty	Careers week	My Rights and
Su2	Responsibilities	Responsibilities	Responsibilities	Road Safety	Up, Out and Active	Road Safety	Responsibilities Y6
	Road Safety	Road Safety	Road Safety		Road Safety		Careers Week
							KORO SAIETY

+

By the end of primary, pupils should know:

Relationships Education

Families and people who care for me

- That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability.
- The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives.
- That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.
- That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.
- That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong.
- How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.

Caring friendships

- How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends.
- The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties.
- That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded.
- That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.
- How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when
 a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing
 conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice
 from others if needed.

Respectful relationships

 The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs.

- Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.
- The conventions of courtesy and manners.
- The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness.
- That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority.
- About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help.
- What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive.
- The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults.

Online relationships

- That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not.
- That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous.
- The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them.
- How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met.
- How information and data is shared and used online.

Sex education

 At Iceni Academy, Hockwold, our Sex Education programme spirals throughout pupils' time with us from EYFS to Year 6; content is revisited each year as part of the National Curriculum for Science progression of knowledge and also our RSE scheme from Educator Solutions. Our programme visits related concepts to Sex Education through such topic areas running through all year groups as My Body, My Relationships, My Feelings, My Beliefs, My Rights and Responsibilities as well as Asking for Help.

- At the end of Year 4 the Beech Class teacher discusses puberty with the children as part of the My Body RSE Educator Solutions topic; at the start of Year 5 (and as a revisit for Year 6) children go into more depth about puberty. For these sessions, parents will be contacted via an initial letter to let them know that the puberty sessions will be happening and are given links to the resources being used (the RSE scheme, Operation Ouch BBC children's video and the Lil-lets education resource videos about puberty, periods and wet dreams). After the sessions, the class teacher emails the whole class's parents/carers before the end of the school day to let parents know how the teaching and learning went and what questions the children asked. For one session only, the girls and boys are separated so that we can talk the girls through management of their periods in school.
- For the main Sex Education input, we make sure that children have been revisiting the information and vocabulary leading up to the main session throughout their time at our Academy. Children are already familiar with the 'safe space' that we create for the learning environment and how they are able to ask questions using the 'Ask it Basket' as they arise; in addition, they are used to a consistent scientific vocabulary that has been built up over time and they are familiar with using the terms themselves. The fact that there is a specific Sex Education lesson is not a sudden shock in our Academy it has been worked up to gradually.
- Prior to the main Sex Education input, the Oak Class teacher writes a letter to parents/carers, again detailing the content of the lesson, the vocabulary that will be learnt and links to the resources to be used. Parents/carers are invited in (in addition to the Parent Forums where the entire curriculum is demonstrated and discussed) to look at the video, pose any questions they wish to and they can voice any concerns they have. This part of the process empowers both the teachers and the parents/carers as well as the following email the class teacher sends before the end of the school day to let parents/carers know how the session has gone, what questions were asked and what to expect if there were any questions where the class teacher referred the child to their parents/carers.

Sex Education

The National Curriculum for Science covers:

- Naming the main external parts of the human body
- The human body as it grows from birth to old age (including puberty)
- Processes of reproduction and growth in animals
- Reproduction in some plants

Appendix 2- Health Education Primary Stage Curriculum and Outcomes

Mental wellbeing

- That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.
- That there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.
- How to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.
- How to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate.
- The benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness.
- Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.
- Isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.
- That bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing.
- Where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online).
- It is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.

Internet safety and harms

- That for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.
- About the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.

	 How to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private. Why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted. That the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health. How to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted.
	Where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.
Physical health and fitness	 The characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle.
	 The importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this e.g., walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.
	 The risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity).
	 How and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.
Healthy eating	 What constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content).
	 The principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals.
	 The characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	 The facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.
Health and prevention	 How to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body.
	 About safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.

	 The importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn. About dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist. About personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing. The facts and science relating to allergies, immunisation and vaccination.
Basic first aid	 How to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary. Concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.
Changing adolescent body	 Key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes. About menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.

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